





Wireless Advanced Vehicle Electrification

WAVE Company Overview

- Founded 2011 with main office in Salt Lake City, Utah, USA
- Commercial spin-off of Utah State University (USU) with strong partnership
- Deep value and innovation generation in-house
- Team of business and technology driven engineers and specialists



Wireless Advanced Vehicle Electrification





Often only hurdles for electrification are a topic









- Limited range and anxiety
- Expensive and heavy batteries
- Space consuming and poor aesthetics



• "Contagious"













But benefits are a reality with Wireless Charging

WAVE Technology:

- Safe and effective in all weather conditions
- Largest air gap in the industry
- No moving parts
- Efficiency greater than 92%

Input







Extending range and supporting operations





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Charging Concept:

- Find best charger locations
- Increase utilization

Data Monitoring:

- Real-Time Charge Minutes
- Real-Time kWh/day
- Real-Time # Charges

Event Notification:

- Range Extension
- Incur Demand Charges?
- Driver Differences





Antelope Valley Transit (AVTA) 250kW



Transit Hub Charging at 250kW



Short Video:https://vimeo.com/331630371Full Video:https://vimeo.com/375512034

Network of 15 Chargers



- Installed Chargers

- Over 460km of real daily range
- Milestone of over 1MWh in a day
 on one charger
- About 4 to 7 MWh weekly on individual charger



Invisible and safe infrastructure



Wireless Charging

- Safe For Pacemakers
- Fast Ramp to Full Power
- Safe Shut Down







International Organization for Standardization



WBCT Port of Los Angeles | 125kW



Diesel (current)







- 12 WAVE 125 kW wireless chargers will be deployed at the Port of Los Angeles
- Ten Class-8 Yard Trucks
- Maintains Same Duty Cycle as Diesel

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- Smaller footprint than diesel
- Battery Energy Storage

ZE/NZE

Drayage

Truck







Extending battery life and reduce battery size

Capacity loss of Li-ion as a function of charge and discharge cut-off points



Limiting a full charge and discharge prolongs battery life

Source: Xu, Bolun & Oudalov, Alexandre & Ulbig, Andreas & Andersson, Göran & Kirschen, D.s. (2016). Modeling of Lithium-Ion Battery Degradation for Cell Life Assessment. IEEE Transactions on Smart Grid. 99. 1-1. 10.1109/TSG.2016.2578950.





Over three years of wireless bus charging



4 Years Continuous Operation

- 16 hours of operation daily
- 7 days a week

- ~618MWh total power delivered
- Additional charger installed
- 8 BEBs from Gillig
- Zero Maintenance





Hassle free and zero touch



- Fully Automated
- Zero Driver Intervention





than fueling an ICE

Easier



No connection time



No cable damage

No connector failures



No cable theft



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No cleaning





Port of Los Angeles | 250kW + 380kW



- WAVE 250 kW wireless charger
- Electric Top Loader Infrastructure



- WAVE 380 kW system
- HYG 52-ton Container Handler
- Maintains Same Duty Cycle as Diesel





WAVE & DOE Drayage Trucks | 500kW







- 500kW extreme wireless fast charger
- 2 all-electric class-8 drayage trucks



WAVE & DOE Long Range BEV | 1MW





WAVE | Scalable Platform also in other applications

• WAVE scaling technology to support 1MW wireless charging, first in the industry!





Interoperability | Battery Standards





Space is More Valuable at Depot

- Often no room to grow
- Power at site may be limited
- Managing the fleet especially becomes more relevant
- Operation cost are scaled at depot and have a higher impact (plugging 1 EV compared to 100 EVs)





Usual Depot Charging Solutions Have Common Issues

Depots for electric busses





Depots for electric trucks





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Usual Depot Charging Solutions Have Common Issues

Depots for electric busses



Extra building constructions



Inefficient parking arrangements to enable plugging in



Extra structures to manage cables

Depots for electric trucks



Restrictive parking arrangements to enable plugging in





Still space for power electronics used



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Intelligent Wireless Depot Chargers Solves Painpoints

Modular combinations are possible with one formfactor to create desired depot layout:

- 62kw x 8
- 125kw x 4
- 250kw x 2
- 500kw x 1

Offering flexibility on parking arrangements and power level.









Space Saving with Wireless Depot Charging

- Cabinets can be further away from driving area
- Using Space that is not utilized for vehicles
- Nose to tail and other parking arrangements can be well enabled to maximize parking space utilization
- No extra buildings or constructions are needed
- No extra cable management needed









Footprint can be further reduced with IWDC

Due to existing layout parking arrangement, following units seem best fit for 175 parking spots:

- 8:1 IWDC Qty. 13
- 7:1 IWDC Qty. 5
- 6:1 IWDC Qty. 2
- 4:1 IWDC Qty. 2
- 500kW IWDC Qty. 16

With wireless charging space can be utilized even better if an alternative parking arrangement can be chosen.

Based on specific cost and operation needs an optimization can be made to find the

best layout.







Time Saving and Smart Management with IWDC

- Several minutes can be saved per charge cycle compared to a plug in solution
 - Scaled to a depot it is equivalent to hiring one person just for plugging and unplugging
- Intelligent Wireless Depot Charging (IWDC)reduces the peak loads on the grid resulting in smaller electricity bills
- Intelligence also on the vehicles providing real time telematics and battery data
 - Support vehicle disposition with data and tools



No connection time

No cable damage

No connector failures



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PROJECT SPOTLIGHT: Antelope Valley Transportation Authority (AVTA)

AVTA is on track to become the first "all-electric" transit bus fleet in the United States with 50 vehicles using in-route wireless charging.



Thank you! Takk skal du ha!



CONTACT EUROPE: VIKTOR METZLER, BD viktor@waveipt.com



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